

DAVIS SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL

AP US HISTORY

Summer Assignment

Directions: Read Chapters 2, 3, and 4 of “The Enduring Vision”. Answer the following questions on a separate sheet of paper. Your answers should be in complete sentences and be detailed. You must signify the importance of each event/person (i.e. why does this person/event matter rather than just the basic who/what/when answers).

This assignment is due on the ***first day of school***. Please have a hardcopy ready to turn in.

PLEASE NOTE that your assignment will also be uploaded to turnitin.com, so make sure you are submitting your own original work.

Chapter 2: The Rise of the Atlantic World 1400-1625

Define and give the significance of the following Key Terms:

Joint-stock company
Protestant Reformation
Catholic or Counter-Reformation
Church of England/Anglicans
Conversion experience
Puritans
Separatists
“new slavery”
Ecomiendas
English “sea dogs”
Jamestown
Headright System
Mayflower Compact

Short-Answer Questions:

1. Which countries were attempting to settle the New World? Where did each country focus its efforts? In your opinion, which appeared to be the most successful by 1630 and why?
2. How did the religious events in England affect the colonization efforts in the New World?
3. Compare and contrast the early colonies of Jamestown and Plymouth. What seemed to be similar problems each colony faced?
4. What was the Columbian Exchange and what were the effects (on colonists, natives and slaves) of the Columbian Exchange?
5. How did European relations with Native Americans affect the success of early European colonizing efforts?

Chapter 3: Expansion and Diversity: The Rise of Colonial America 1625-1700

Define and give the significance of the following Key Terms:

Royal colony
Proprietary colony
Lord Baltimore
John Winthrop
Roger Williams
Anne Hutchinson
Third Anglo-Powhatan War
Iroquois "Beaver Wars"
Restoration
Pequot War
King Philip's War
William Penn & Quakers
Pueblo Revolt
Half-Way Covenant
King Philip's War
Maryland Act for Religious Toleration
Virginia House of Burgesses and Governor's Council
**Fundamental Orders of Connecticut 1639 (you will need to find this in another source)

Short-Answer Questions:

1. What did John Winthrop mean when he spoke of his "city upon a hill"? To what extent were the Puritans successful in building a model community? How and why did the market economy threaten and ultimately transform the "city"?
2. How did religion shape New England society? What were the importance---and the fundamental weakness---of the "conversion experience" (see pages 32-33, in addition to reading in this chapter)? Why did New England's religious institutions and political institutions become far more democratic than those in England?
3. Why did African slavery develop in the Chesapeake colonies in the 17th century? How did the gradual shift from a plantation labor force of indentured servants to one of African slaves affect life in Virginia and Maryland?
4. What were the causes of Bacon's Rebellion? How did the rebellion end? What were the consequences of the rebellion in terms of race and class relations in Virginia?
5. What were the general causes of conflict between European settlers and Native Americans in the 17th century English colonies? How did the conflicts impact settlers and Native Americans?

Chapter 4: The Bonds of Empire 1660-1750

Define and give the significance of the following Key Terms:

The Dominion of New England

Glorious Revolution

English Bill of Rights

Leisler's Rebellion

Mercantilism and the Navigation Acts

James Oglethorpe

Stono Rebellion

Middle passage

Enlightenment

Deists

Jonathan Edwards

George Whitefield

Benjamin Franklin

Short-Answer Questions:

1. What factors contributed to the relative strengths of the British, French, and Spanish empires in North America?
 2. Discuss the racial and ethnic makeup and the social class structure of the mid-eighteenth-century America.
 3. What were the most significant results of the Enlightenment and Great Awakening in the British colonies?
 4. In what ways did mercantilism benefit the colonies? If there were benefits, then why did the colonists oppose the Navigation Acts?
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